

FOUNDATION WORKSHEET			
Class: 8	Week: 1		
Subject: English	Date: 02/04/2020		
Name:	Code: ENG-002/2Apr/20-21		
1. Dear students during this time while you as and your foundation grows stronger every day	re at home, your school is ensuring that your academic work continues y.		
2. Given is a worksheet which you must comp	plete today.		
3. The Answer Key is also given at the end of after you have completed the worksheet.	the exercise. You may ask your parents to check your exercise only		
4. You can take a printout of the worksheet if	possible or you can solve it in any exercise book.		
5. You must make one notebook for all the su	bjects (where you can stick worksheet or you can write).		
6. In case of any doubt you can ask your teach	ners once school will reopen.		
Parts of Speech			
NOUN  Name of a person, place, thing or idea.  Eg- Daniel, London, table, hope.  -Mary uses a blue pen for her notes	PRONOUN  A pronoun is used in place of a noun or noun phrase to avoid repetition.  Eg. I, you. It, we, us, them, those.  -I want her to dance with me		
ADJECTIVE Describes, modifies or gives more information about a noun or pronoun.	VERB Shows an action or a state of being.  Eg- go, speak, eat, live, are, is		
Eg-cold, happy, young, two, funThe <i>little</i> girl has a <i>pink</i> hat	-1 <i>listen</i> to the word and then <i>repeat</i> it.		
ADVERB  Modifies a verb, an adjective or another adverb. It tells how (often), where, when.  Eg- slowly, very, always, well, too  -Yesterday, I ate my lunch quickly.	PREPOSITION  Shows the relationship of a noun or pronoun to another word.  Eg – at, on, in, from, with, about -I left my keys on the table for you.		
CONJUNCTION  Joins two words, ideas, phrases together and shows how they are connected.	INTERJECTION  A word or phrase that expresses a strong emotion. It is a short exclamation.		
Eg – and, on, but, because, yet, so -I was hot <i>and</i> tired <i>but</i> still finished it.	Eg – Ouch! Hey! Oh! Watch out! -Wow! I passed my English exam.		
Conjunction is a word used to join Q1 - Fill in the blanks with the proper	n words, groups of words or sentences. er conjunctions-		
1. John likes to draw	his brother doesn't. (but / and)		
2. Neither AliceMary	have come to school for the past week. (nor / or)		
3. Either sit herego o	utside. (or / but)		

4.	I like himhe is very sincere. (because / so)
5.	he worked hard, he could not win. (though / however)
6.	hard he worked, he could not win. (however / though)
7.	She is illshe is fearful. (but /as well as)
8.	it was raining we decided to go out. (despite / though)
9.	The musician playedthe children sang along. (and / but)
10	. Shyam works hardhis brother is lazy. (as / whereas)
Q2. Jo	oin the two sentences with an appropriate conjunction-
1.	Saurabh is clever. Saurabh is lazy.
2.	I know, he is out of station.
3.	They are poor. They are happy.
4.	He is active. He is hard working.
5.	I helped him. He was needy.
6.	My Grandfather is old. My Grandfather is strong.
7.	I bought fruits. I bought vegetables.
8.	The soldiers were honoured. The soldiers fought bravely.
9.	He ran fast. He missed the bus.
10.	. I could not get good marks. I was ill for several days.

#### **Answer Key**

#### Q1. Fill in the blanks with the proper conjunctions-

- 1. But
- 2. Nor
- 3. Or
- 4. Because
- 5. Though
- 6. However
- 7. But
- 8. Though
- 9. And
- 10. Whereas.

#### Q2. Join the two sentences with an appropriate conjunction-

- 1. Saurabh is clever but lazy.
- 2. I know that he is out of station.
- 3. They are poor but happy / Though they are poor, they are happy.
- 4. He is active and hard working.
- 5. I helped him because he was needy. / I helped him as he was needy.
- 6. My Grandfather is old but strong. / My Grandfather is old yet strong. / Though my Grandfather is old, he is strong.
- 7. I bought fruits and vegetables.
- 8. The soldiers were honoured because they fought bravely.
- 9. He ran fast yet he missed the bus.
- 10. I could not get good marks because I was ill for several days. / I could not get good marks as I was ill for several days.



#### **FOUNDATION WORKSHEET**

Week: 1

Subject: Maths Date: 02/04/2020

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Code: Maths-002/2apr/20-21

- 1. Dear Students during this time while you are at home, your school is ensuring that your academic work continues and your foundation grows stronger every day.
- 2. Given is a worksheet which you must complete today.
- 3. The Answer Key is also given at the end of the exercise. You may ask your parents to check your Exercise only after you have completed the worksheet.
- 4. You can take a printout of the worksheet if possible or you can solve it in any exercise book.
- 5. You must make one note book for all the subjects (where you can stick worksheet or you can write).
- 6. In case of any doubt you can ask your teachers once school will reopen.

## **Maths Worksheet 02**

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

CLASS: 8 SECTION: \_\_\_\_\_ (I - Week) DATE: 02/04/2020

## Fractions

1 a. 
$$\frac{3}{2} - \frac{4}{12} =$$

1 b. 
$$\frac{4}{5} - \frac{3}{9} =$$

2 a. 
$$\frac{11}{5} - \frac{3}{8} =$$

2 b. 
$$\frac{11}{6} - \frac{5}{6} =$$

3 a. 
$$\frac{9}{4} - \frac{5}{8} =$$

3 b. 
$$\frac{8}{10} - \frac{8}{11} =$$

4 a. 
$$\frac{11}{5} - \frac{3}{2} =$$

4 b. 
$$\frac{7}{5} - \frac{3}{8} =$$

5 a. 
$$\frac{7}{6} - \frac{4}{12} =$$

5 b. 
$$\frac{4}{9} - \frac{2}{11} =$$

6 a. 
$$\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{7} =$$

6 b. 
$$\frac{11}{8} - \frac{9}{11} =$$

## **Maths Worksheet 02**

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

CLASS: 8 SECTION: \_\_\_\_\_ (I - Week) DATE: 02/04/2020

# **Answer Key**

1 a. 
$$1\frac{1}{6}$$

2 a. 
$$1\frac{33}{40}$$

3 a. 
$$1\frac{5}{8}$$

4 a. 
$$\frac{7}{10}$$

5 a. 
$$\frac{5}{6}$$

6 a. 
$$\frac{1}{42}$$

1 b. 
$$\frac{7}{15}$$

3 b. 
$$\frac{4}{55}$$

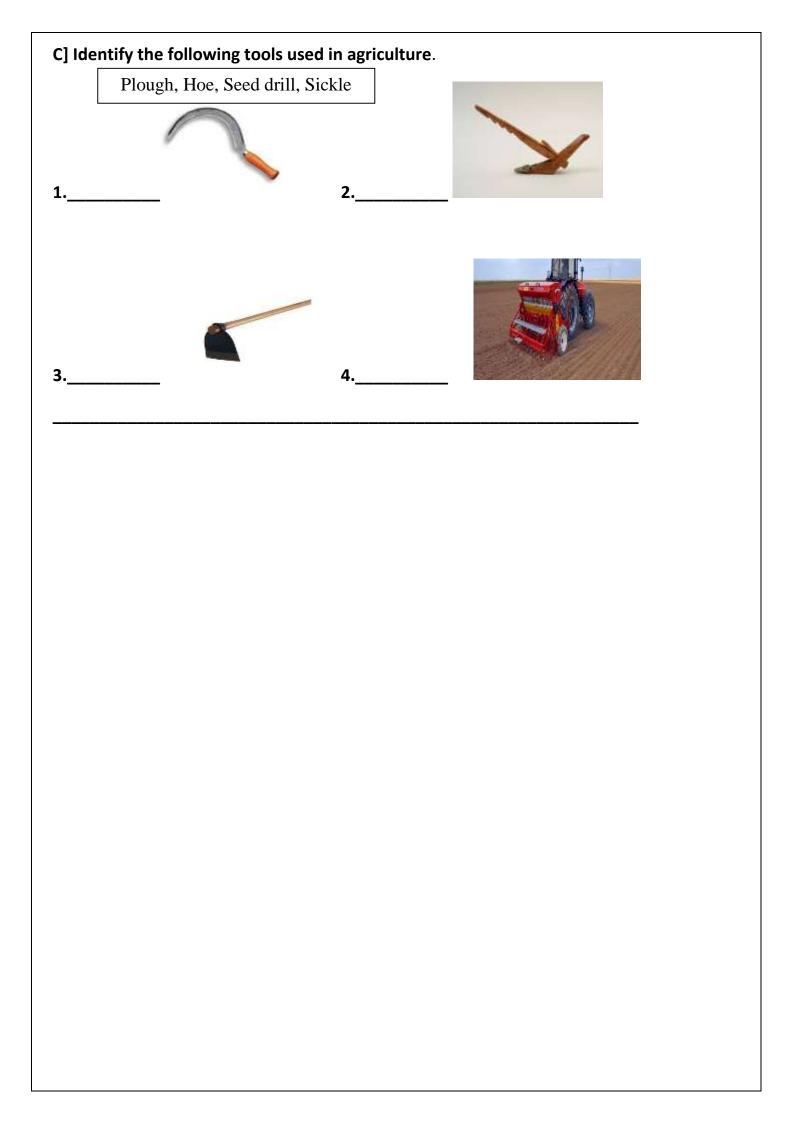
4 b. 
$$1\frac{1}{40}$$



### **FOUNDATION WORKSHEET**

Class: 8		Week: 1	
Subject: Science		Date: 02/04/2020	
Name:		Code: Sci-002/2-apr/20-21	
1. Dear students during this time while you are at home, your school is ensuring that your academic work continues and your foundation grows stronger every day.			
2. Given is a worksheet which you must complete today.			
3. The Answer Key is also given at the end of the exercise. You may ask your parents to check your exercise only after you have completed the worksheet.			
4. You can take a printou book.	it of the worksheet if pos	sible or you can solve it in any exercise	
5. You must make one notebook for all the subjects (where you can stick worksheet or you can write).			
6. In case of any doubt y	ou can ask your teachers	once school will reopen.	
A. Multiple Choice Que	estions.		
Q1. Diseases like Polio and Chicken pox are caused by			
a) Bacteria	b) fungi	c) virus	
Q2. Some medicines are obtained from micro-organisms are applied to kill or stop the growth of disease causing micro-organisms such medicines are called			
a) Antibodies	b) antibiotics	c) antigens	
Q3. The pores in the bread is due to the gas bubbles of			
a) Oxygen	b) nitrogen	c) carbon dioxide	
Q4. The microbe for mal	aria is carried by	mosquito.	
a) male anopheles	b) female anopheles	c) male aedes	

Q5. The process of conversion of sugar into alcohol by yeast is called				
a) Fermentation	) Fermentation b) pasteurisation		c) alcoholism	
Q6. The most common carrier of communicable diseases is				
a) Virus	rus b) house fly		c) butter fly	
Q7. Which of the following is not a communicable disease?				
a) Cholera	b) Tuberculosis		c) Malaria	
Q8. Who discovered fermentation?				
a) Louis Pasteur	b) Edward Jenner		c) Alexander Fleming	
Q9. Cholera is caused by				
a) Algae	b) bacteria		c) protozoa	
Q10. Alcohol is produced with the help of				
a) Yeast	b) bacteria		c) virus	
B] Match the following	•			
Column A		Colu	ımn B	
1. To kill insects		a) Herbicio	des	
2. To kill rodents		b) Fungicio	des	
3. To kill pests		c) Insectici	ides	
4. To destroy weeds		d) Rodenti	cides	
5. To destroy fungi		e) Pesticid	es	
6. To destroy unwanted	herbs	f) Weedici	des	



Answer Key	
A]	B]
1. Virus	1. Insecticides
2. Antibiotics	2.Rodenticides
3. Carbon dioxide	3. Pesticides
4. Female Anopheles	4. Weedicides
5. Fermentation	5. Fungicides
6. House Fly	6. Herbicides
7. Malaria	<b>C</b> ]
8. Louis Pasteur	1. Sickle
9. Bacteria	2. Plough
10. Yeast	3. Hoe
	4. Seed driller



## **FOUNDATION WORKSHEET**

Class: 8 Subject: Hindi Name:	Week1 Date: 02-04-2020 Code: HIN-002/2Apr/20-21
your academic work continues and you.  2. Given is a worksheet which you must.  3. The answer key is given at the end of check your exercise only after you have.  4. You can take a printout of the worksh book.	the exercise. You may ask your parents to we completed the worksheet. eet if possible you can solve it any exercise subjects (where you can stick worksheets or
प्रश्नश) क्रिया संबंधी अशुद्धियों को शुद्ध क	रके लिखिए।
१) वह कुर्ता <u>डालकर</u> गया।	
२) छोटी उम्र शिक्षा <u>लेने</u> के लिए है।	
३) उपस्थित लोगों ने संकल्प <u>लिया</u> ।	
४) हमें यह सावधानी <u>लेनी</u> होंगी।	
५) वहां घना अंधेरा घिरा था।	
प्रश्न २) विशेषण संबंधी अशुद्धियों को शुद्ध	करके लिखिए।
१) उसे <u>भारी</u> प्यास लगी है।	
२) यह एक <u>गहरी</u> समस्या है ।	
३) इस <u>वीरान</u> जीवन में ।	
४)जीवन और साहित्य का <u>घोर</u> संबंध है।	
५) मुझे <u>बड़ी</u> भूख लगी है।	<b>-</b>

प्रश्न ३) कारक संबंधी अशुद्धियों को शुद्ध	करके लिखिए ।
१) मैंने राम <u>को</u> पूछा है।	
२) सब <u>से</u> नमस्ते।	
३) जनता <u>के</u> अंदर असंतोष फैल गया।	
४) हमारे पिता <u>का</u> कमीज है ।	
५) उसने संतोष <u>का</u> सांस ली।	
प्रश्न ४) वचन संबंधी अशुद्धियों को शुद्ध क	रके लिखिए।
१) उसने <u>अनेकों</u> ग्रंथ लिखे।	
२)भारत अठारह <u>दिनों</u> तक चलता रहा ।	
३) तेरी <u>बात</u> सुनते सुनते कान पक गए ।	
४) पेड़ों पर <u>तोता</u> बैठा है ।	
५) <u>सबहो</u> ने यह राय दी।	

उत्तर सूची:-प्रश्नश) १)पहनकर २) पाने ३) किया ४)बरतनी ५)छाया प्रश्नश) १)बहुत २)गंभीर ३)नीरस ४)घिनष्ठ ५)बहुत प्रश्नश) १) से २)को ३)में ४)की ५) पर प्रश्नश) १) अनेक २)िदन ३)बातें ४)तोता ५)सब